

Presentation on the Ghana 2022 Annual Household Income and Expenditure Survey Third Quarter Labour Statistics Report

3rd May 2023



GHANA
STATISTICAL SERVICE



ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME AND
EXPENDITURE SURVEY (AHIES)

Outline

1. Background
2. Key Concepts
3. Methodology
4. Third Quarter Labour Statistics
 - i. Patterns
 - ii. Labour Mobilities
 - iii. Multiple Burdens
5. Key Messages

Background

The Coordinated Programme of Economic and Social Development Policies, 2017-2024: An Agenda for Jobs: Creating Prosperity and Equal Opportunity for All



Mandate of the Ghana Statistical Service



ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME AND EXPENDITURE SURVEY (AHIES)



Transforming Our World: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Objectives of AHIES

- The primary objective of AHIES is to improve the measurement of GDP.
- The secondary objectives are to:
 1. Measure monetary and non-monetary poverty;
 2. Compute food insecurity;
 3. Estimate labour statistics;
 4. Assess labour mobilities; and
 5. Identify households and individuals burdened with multiple socio-economic challenges (triple burdened households and individuals)

Key Concepts (1/2)

- **Labour force:** all persons 15 years and older who were either employed or unemployed seven days preceding the interview date.
- **Vulnerable employment:** employment as own-account (self-employed without employees) or contributing family workers.
- **Unemployed persons:** persons 15 years and older, who in the seven days preceding the interview date did not work and did not have work to go back to; and were available to work.
- **Unemployment spell:** an uninterrupted time period within which a person has stayed unemployed. In the context of this report, it is the state of being unemployed across the three quarters.

Key Concepts (2/2)

- **Labor mobility:** movement of labour from either one geographical area to the other or from one sector, status, or occupation of employment to the other.
- **Balanced panel data:** contains complete information on all individuals or entities who continuously remained in the survey across all the specified time periods
- **Unbalanced panel data:** contains incomplete information on some individuals or entities because they did not participate in all time periods of the survey

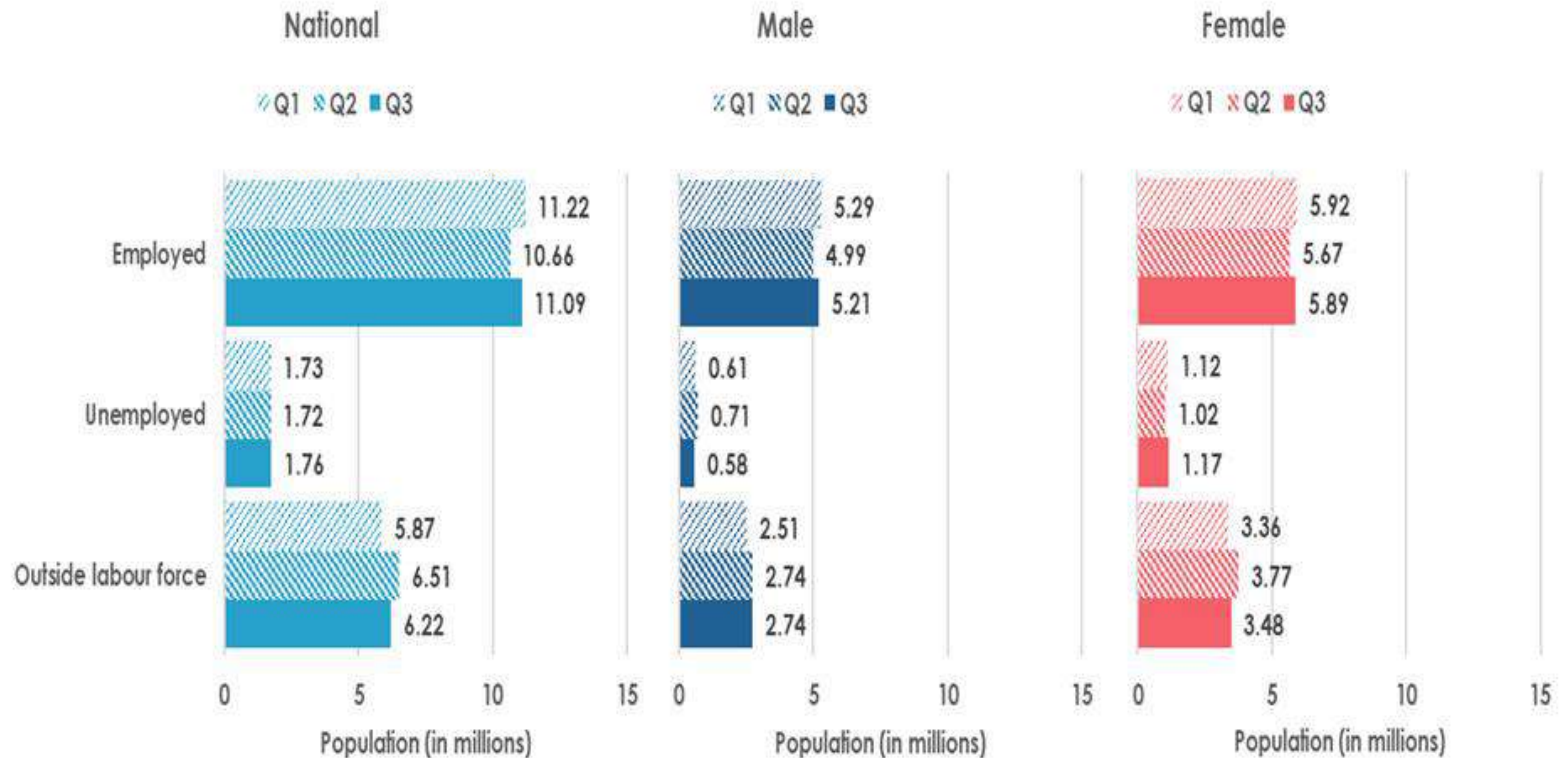
Methodology

1. Quarterly household panel survey
2. National, regional and urban-rural representative sample
3. Weights obtained from 2021 Population and Housing Census
4. Computer Assisted Personal Interviewing (CAPI)
5. Units of analysis: Persons 15 years and older
6. Reference period: Seven (7) days preceding the interview

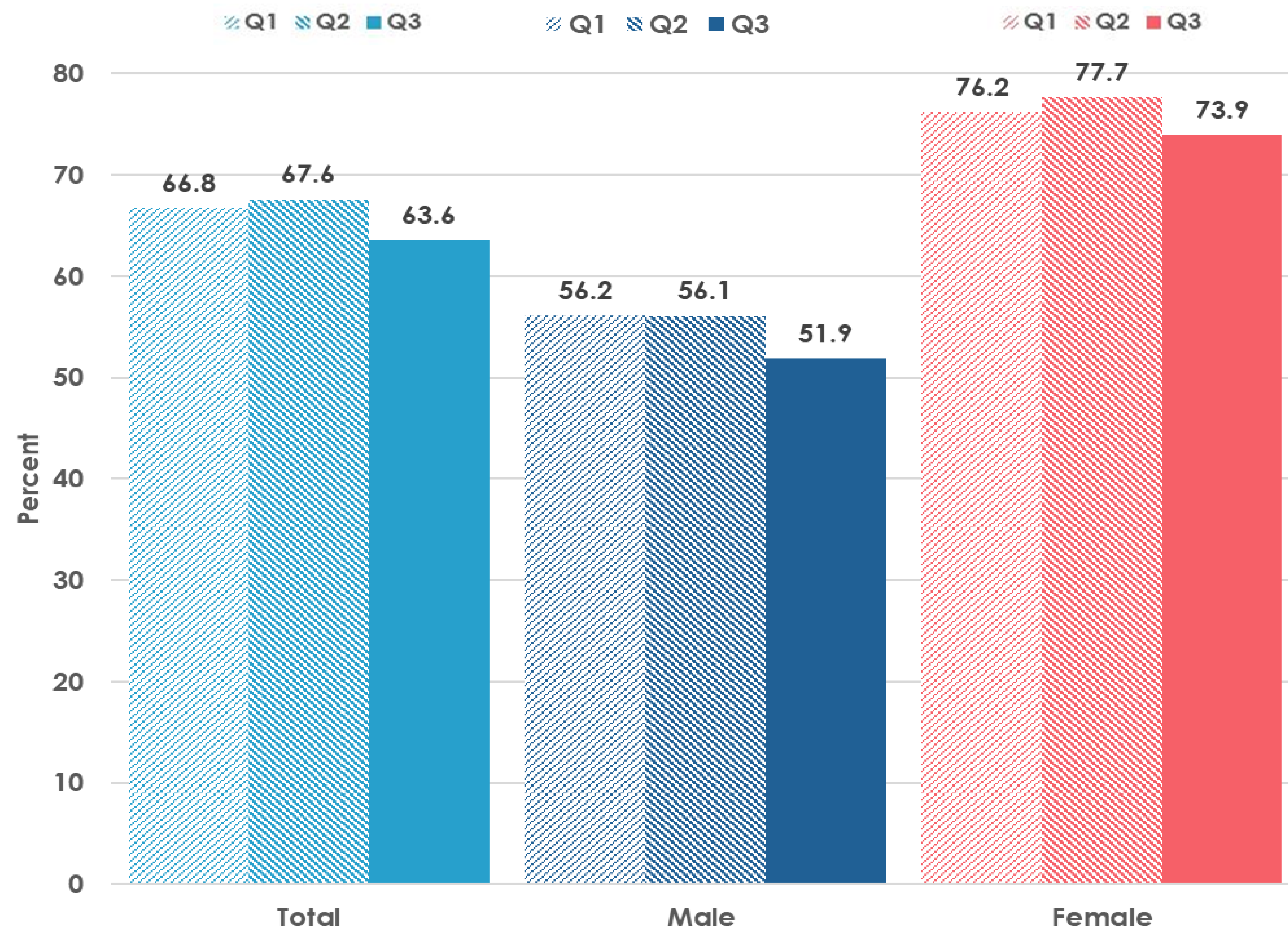
Quarter	Dates	Enumeration Areas	Households	Response Rate	Total Sample Size (Weighted)
Q1	1st January to 12th April 2022	600	10,800	99.6%	18,815,464
Q2	14th April to 22nd July 2022	600	10,800	98.8%	18,899,993
Q3	23rd July to 2nd November 2022	600	10,800	98.1%	19,071,964

Patterns

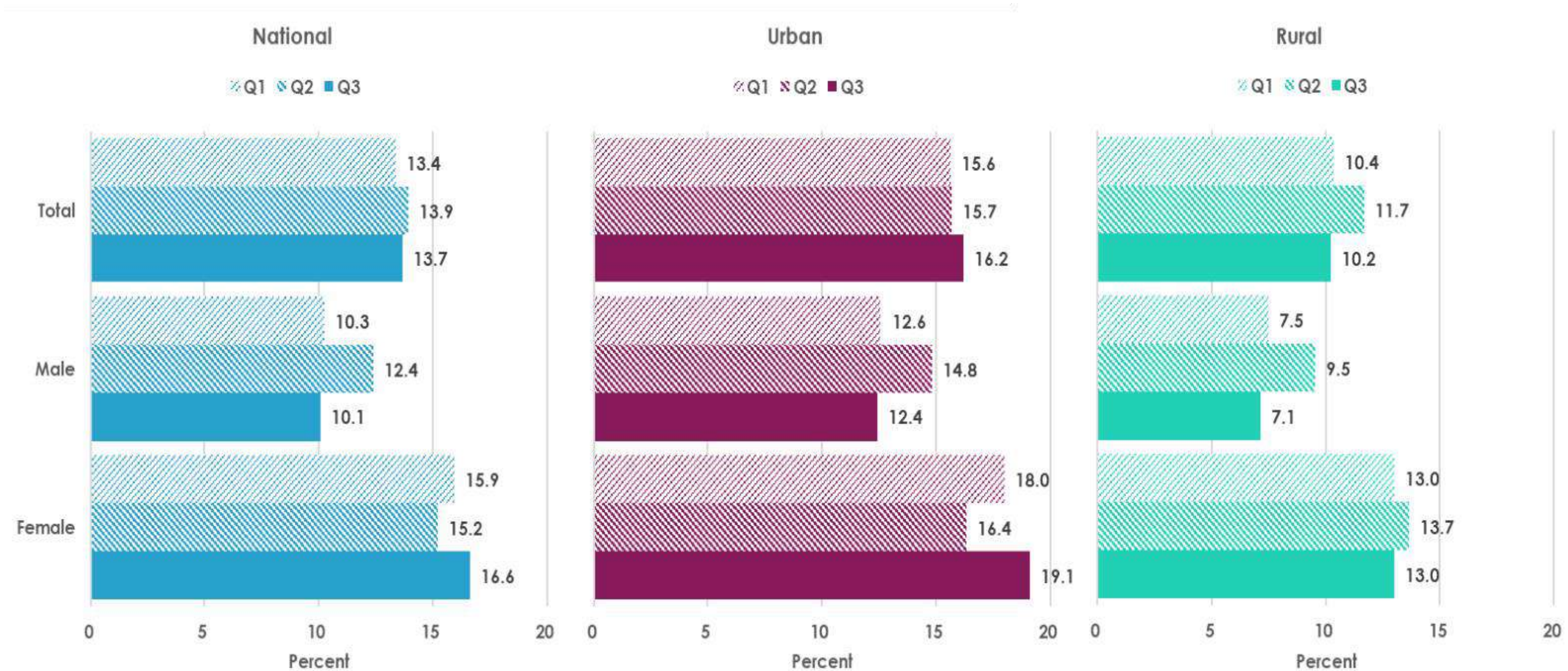
Economic Activity Status



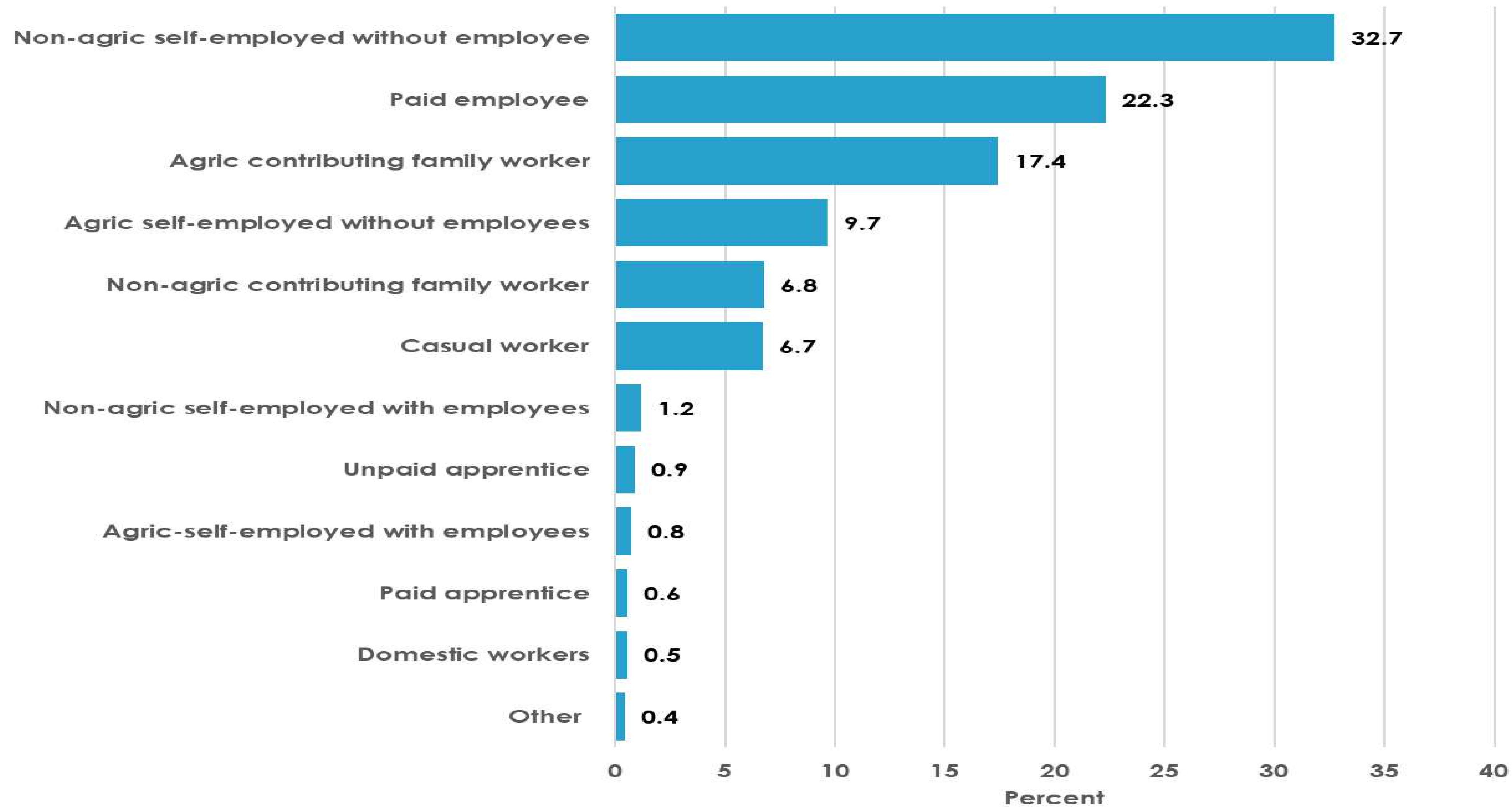
Vulnerable Employment



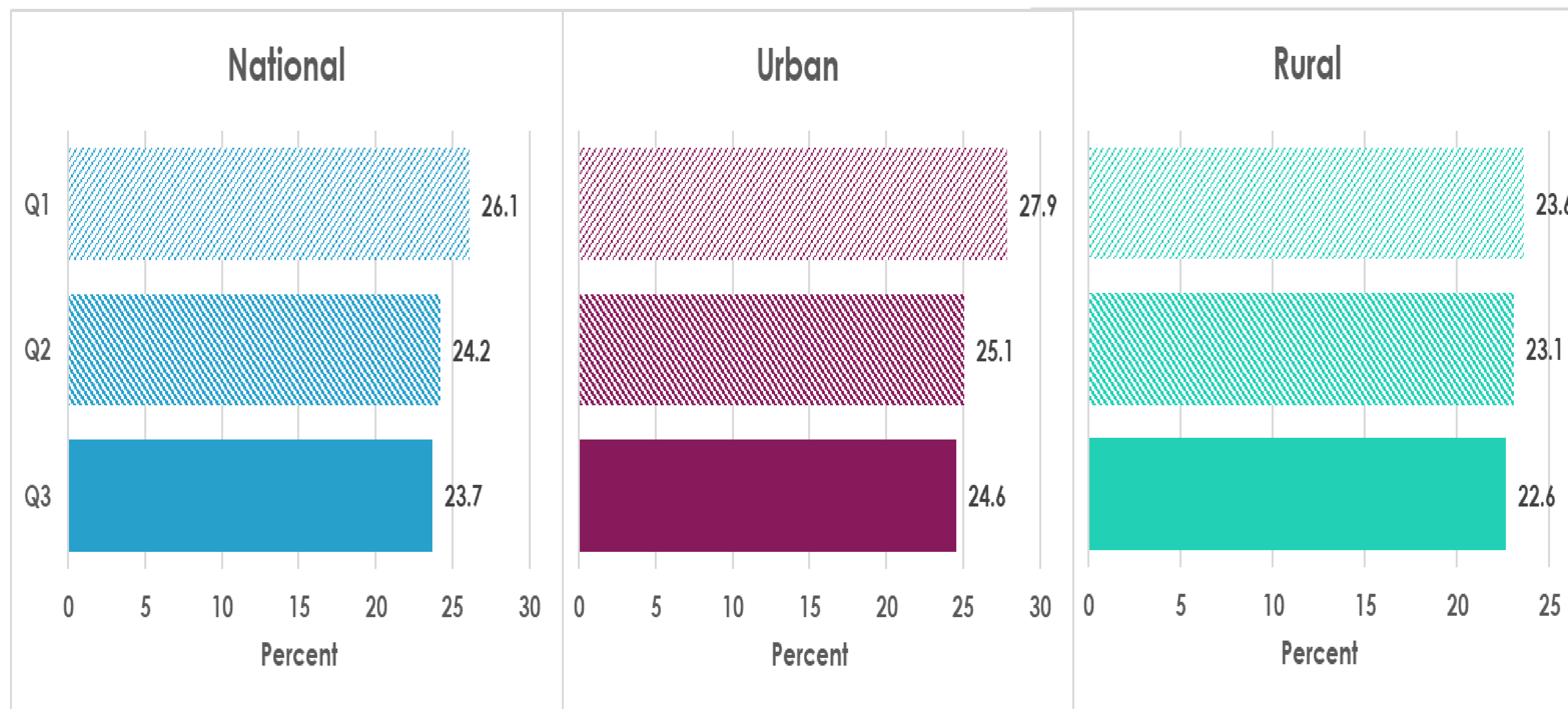
Unemployment Rate



Employment Status in Q1 of Unemployed Persons in Q3

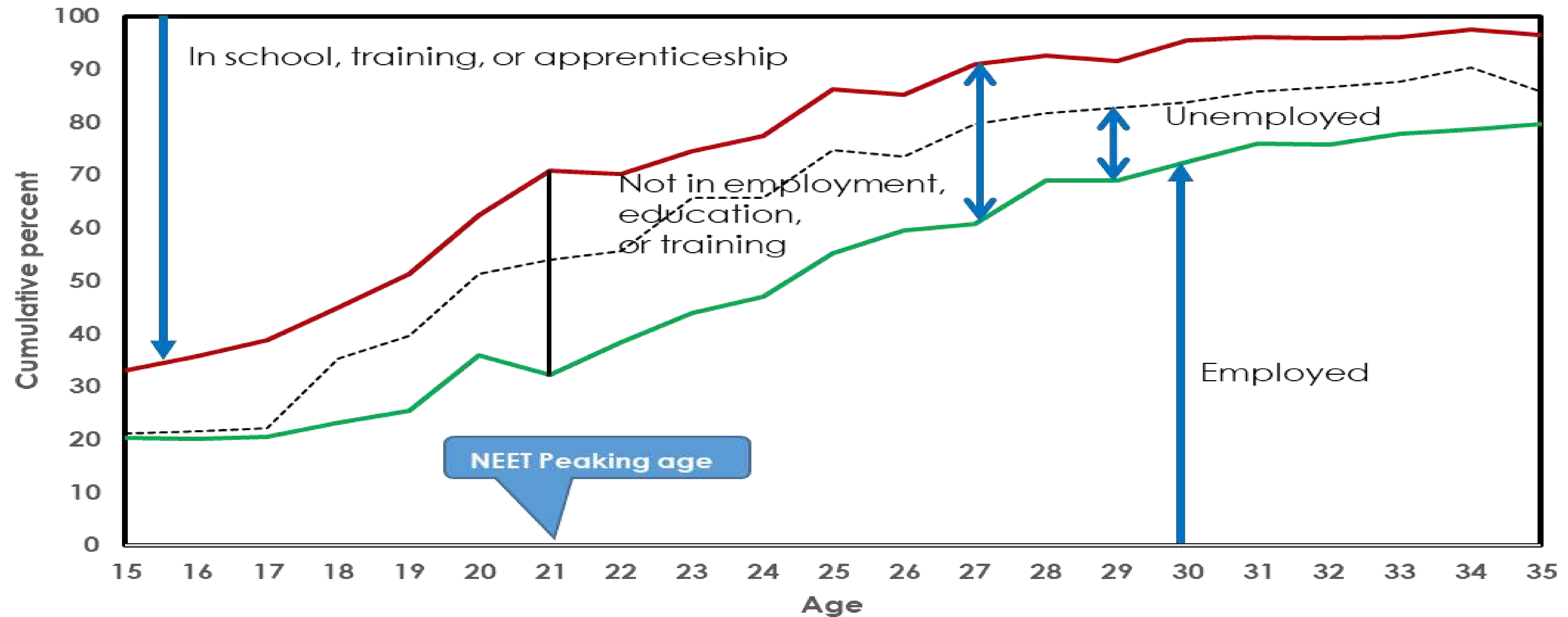


Youth Population (15-35 Years) Not In Employment, Education Or Training (NEET)



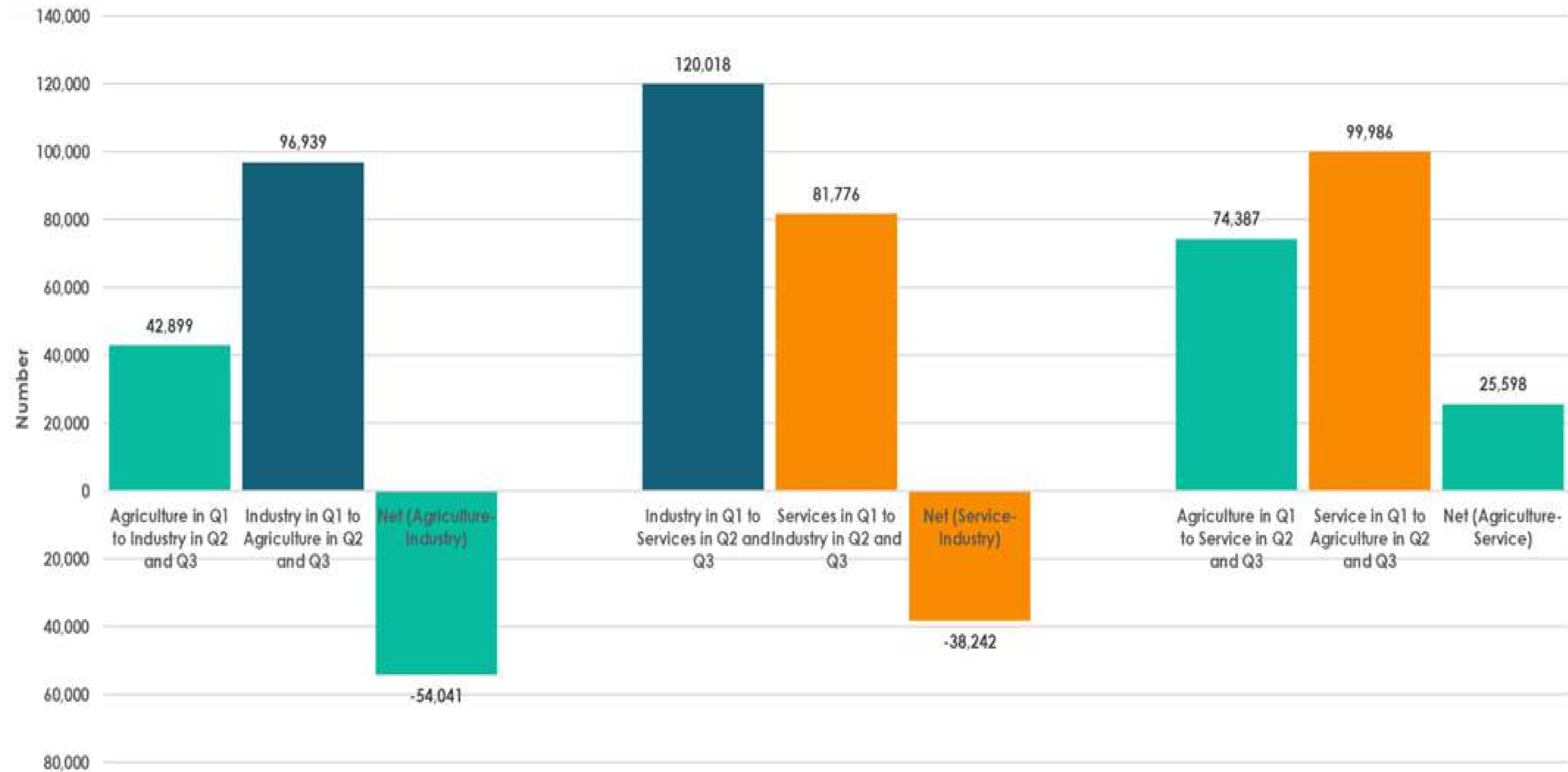
Youth Population (15-35 Years) not in Employment, Education Or Training (NEET)

Q3

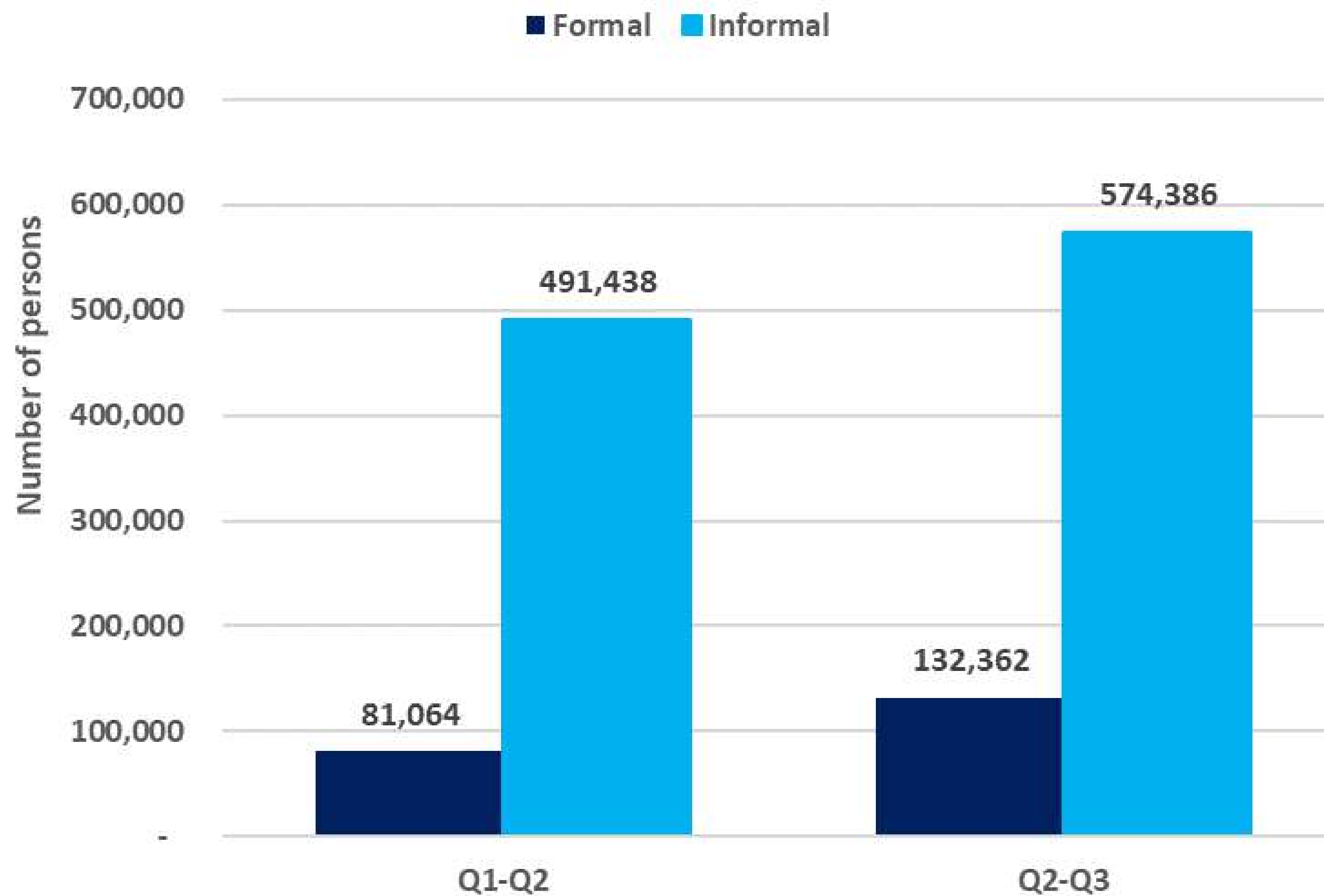


Labour Mobilities

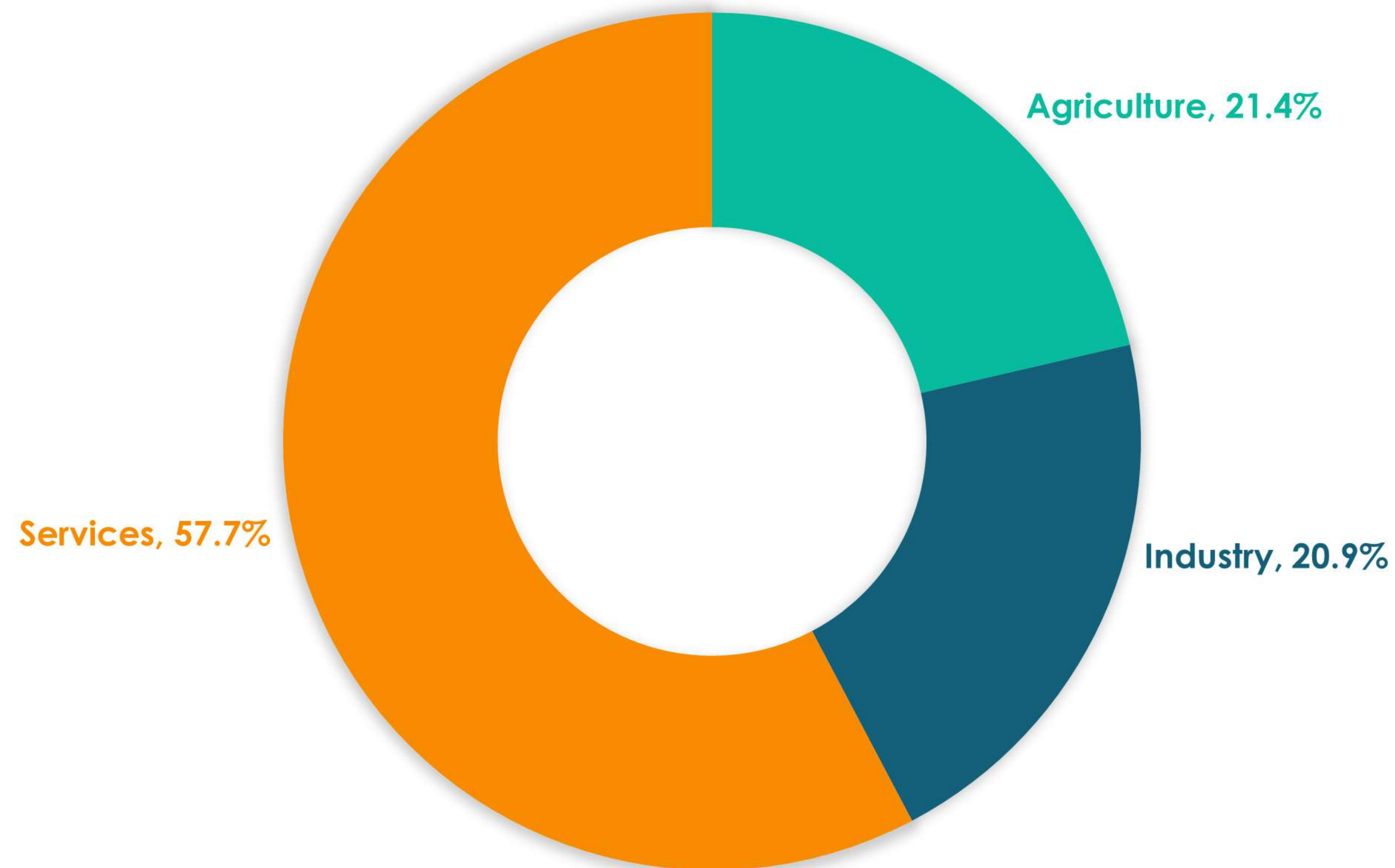
Mobilities from Formal and Informal Employment to Unemployment



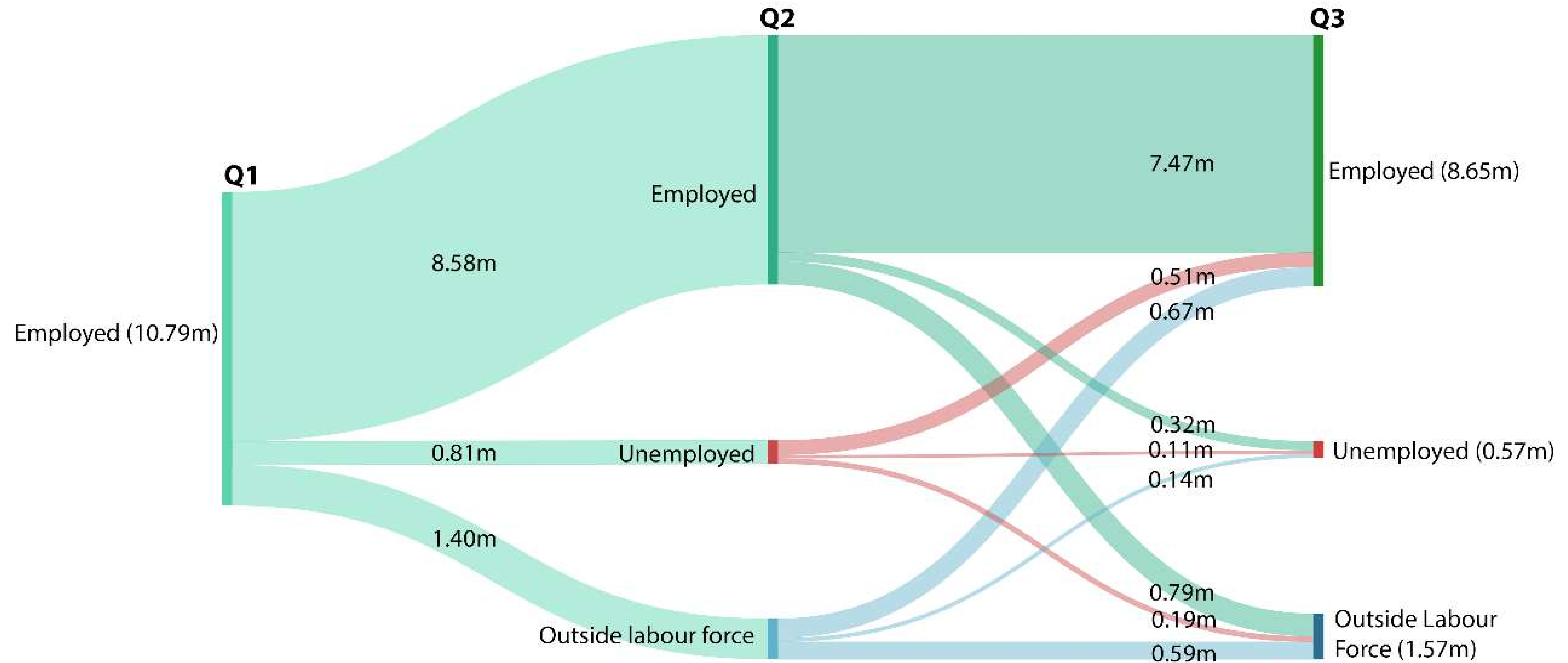
Mobilities across Economic Sectors of Employment



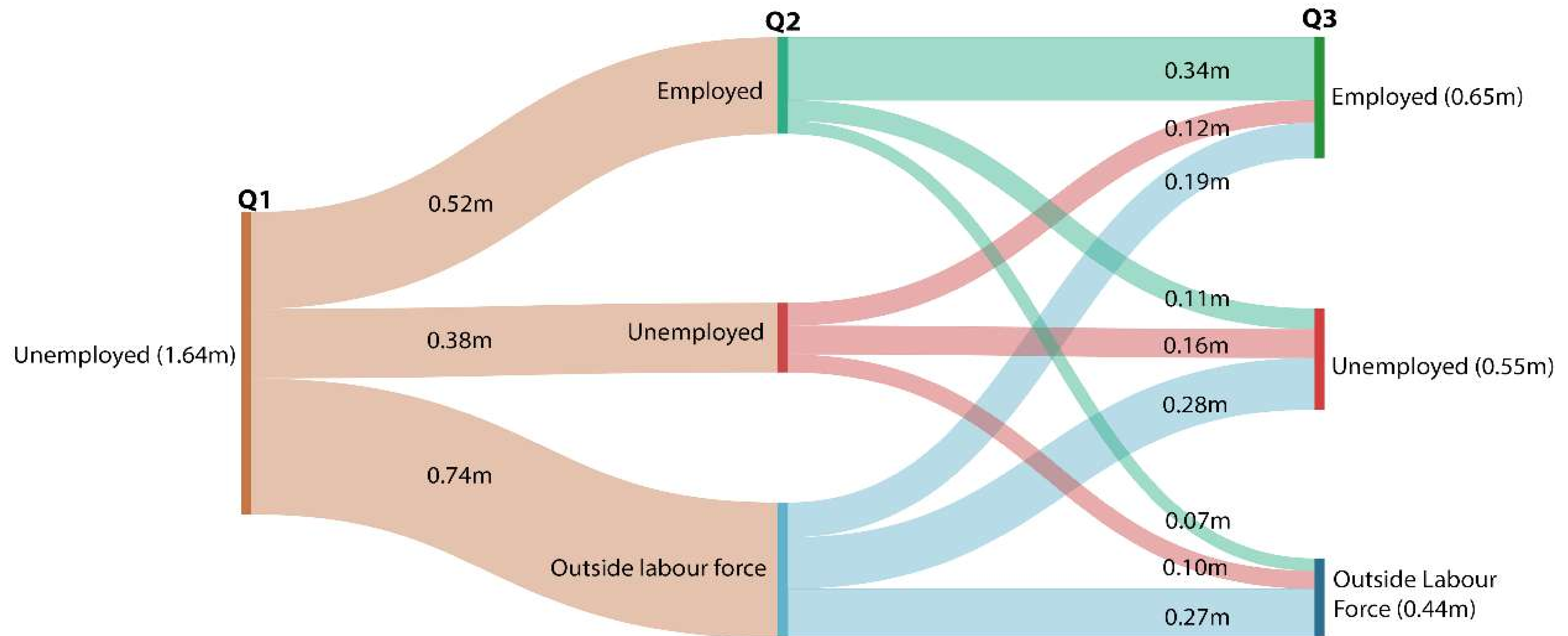
Sectoral Shares of Employed Persons in Q1 who were Unemployed in Q2 and Q3



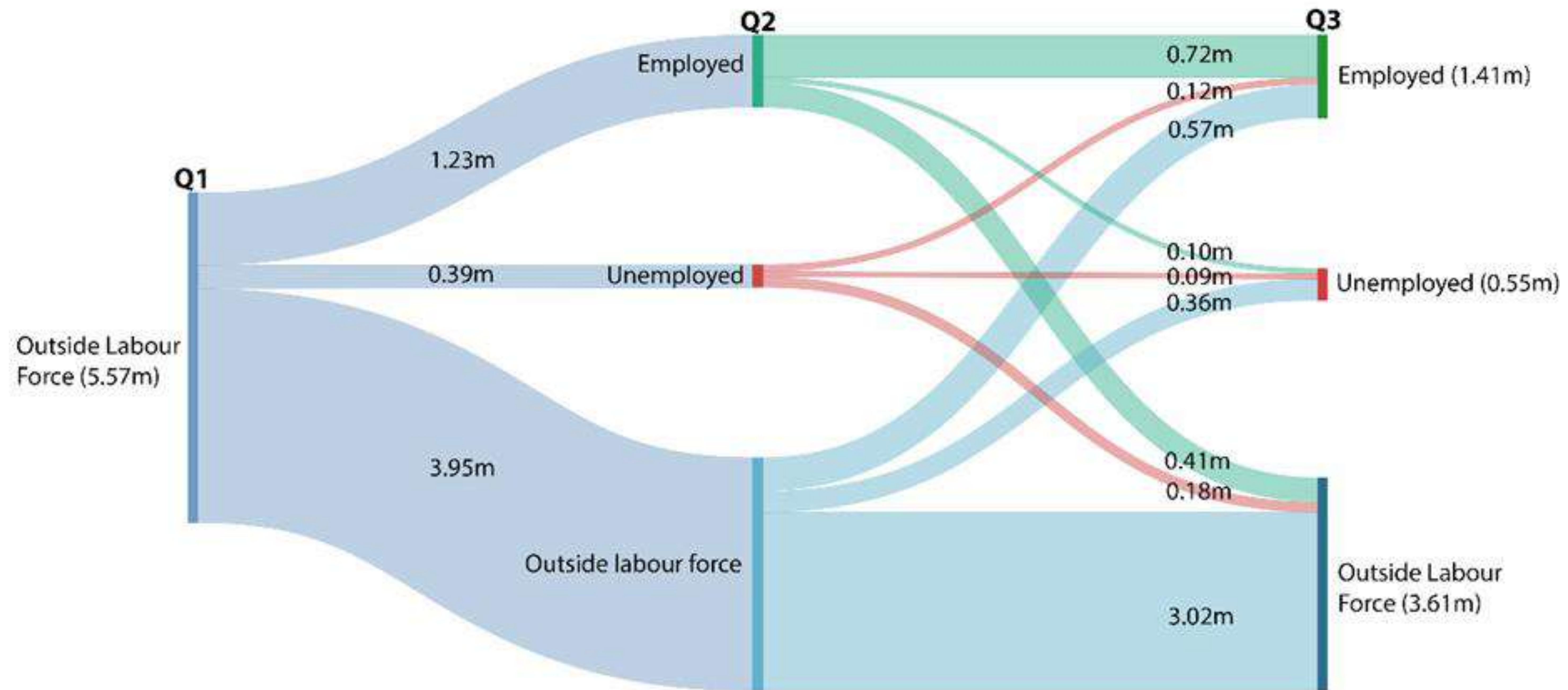
Labour Mobilities across Employment Status of Employed Persons in Q1



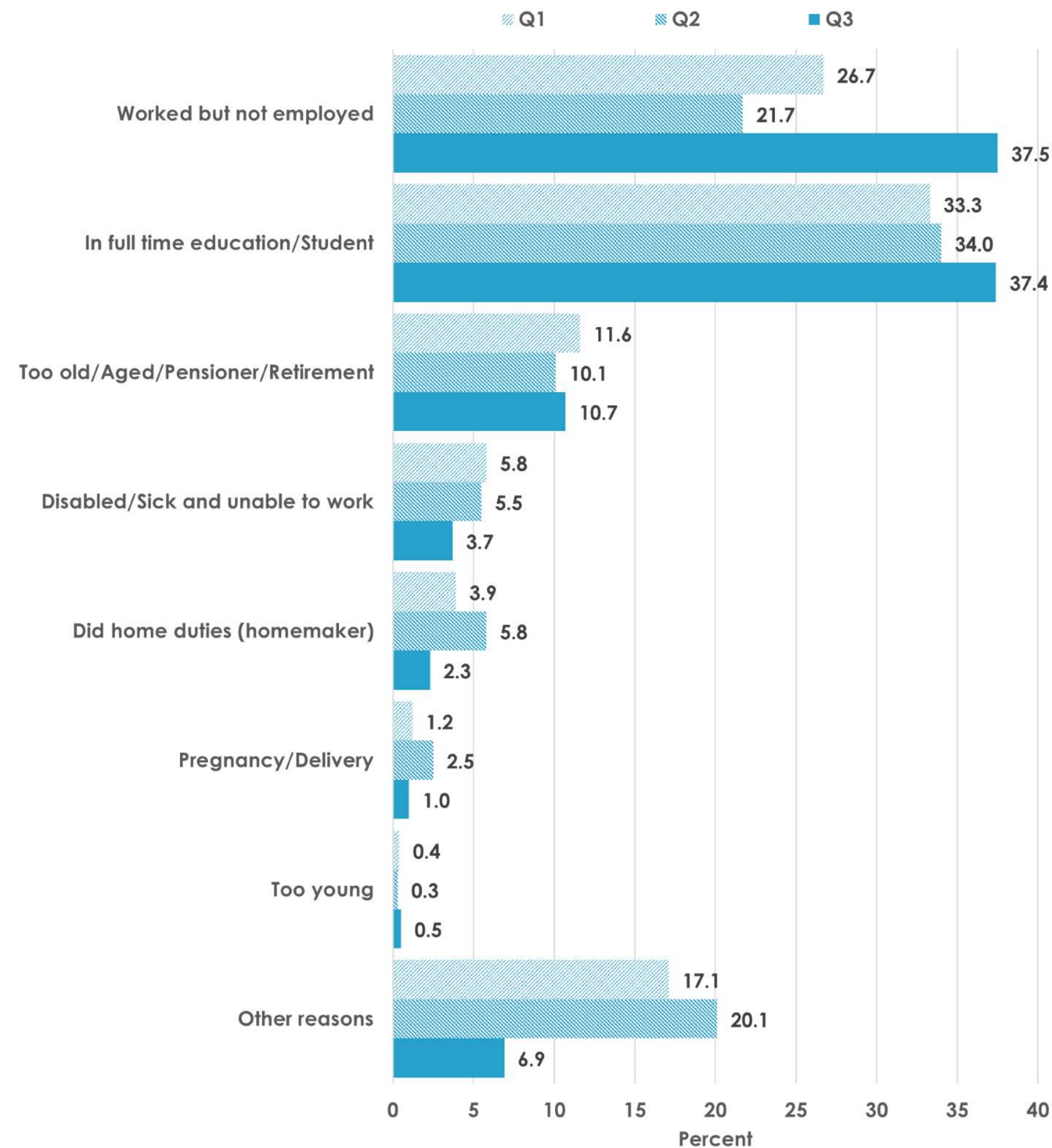
Labour Mobilities across Employment Status of Unemployed Persons in Q1



Labour Mobilities across Employment Status of Persons Outside the Labour Force in Q1

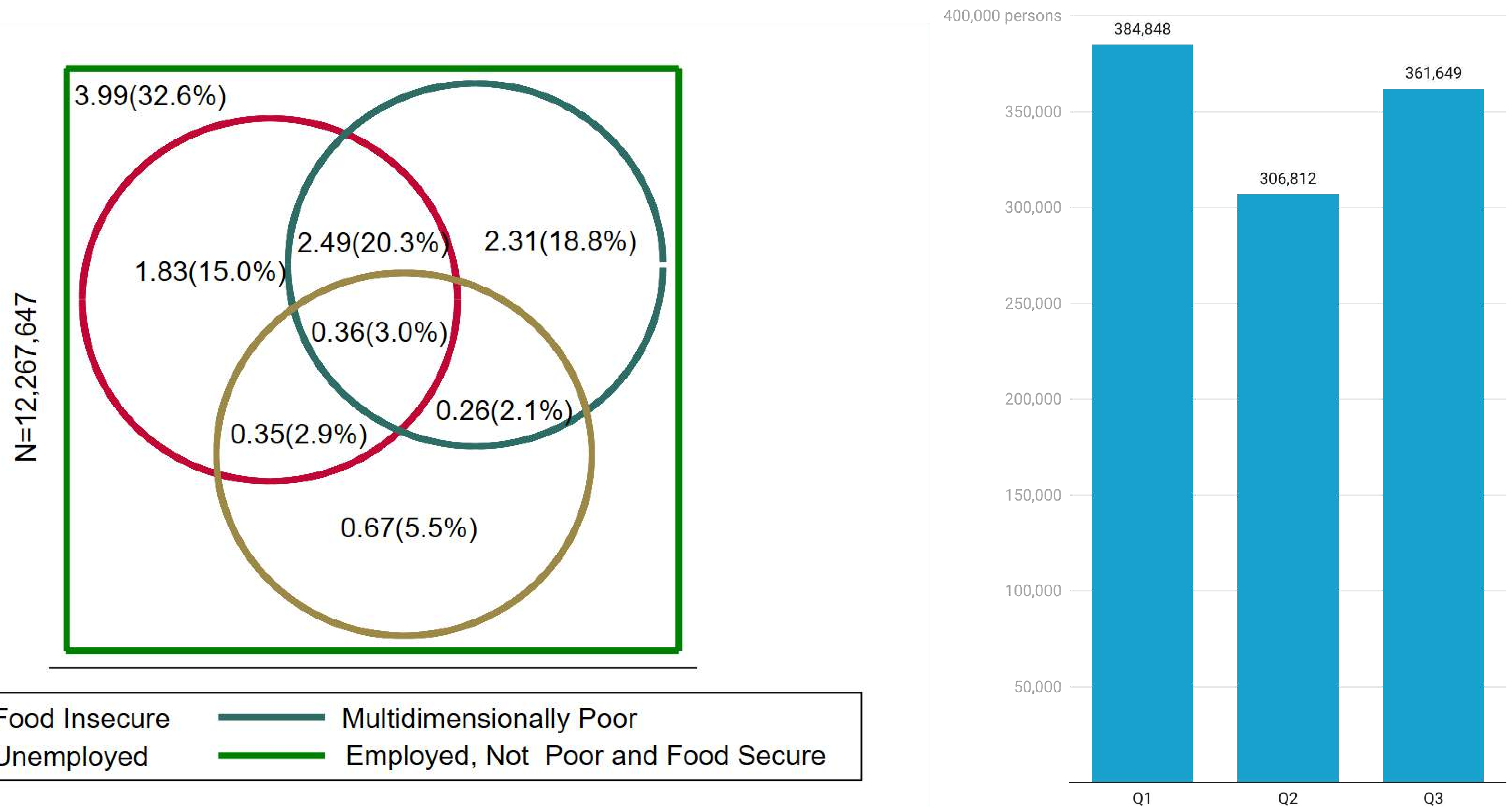


Reasons for Being Outside the Labour Force



Multiple Burdens (Unemployment, Food Insecurity and Multidimensional Poverty)

Population with Triple Burden



Key Messages

1. About 1.76 million persons were unemployed.
 - a. Two out of every three were female.
 - b. Across the three quarters, about 157,000 persons experienced an unemployment spell.
2. Across the three quarters about 3.5 million persons were moving in and out of employment depicting vulnerabilities.
3. Two out of every three employed persons in Q1 who were unemployed in Q3, were in vulnerable employment.
4. Transition from informal employment to unemployment is on the average five times than from formal employment into unemployment.
5. The population that is triple burdened decreased by 78,000 between Q1 and Q2, but increased by almost 55,000 in Q3.

Thank you for your attention

Download the 3Q Labour Statistics
Report from:

www.statsghana.gov.gh



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